

## 10 States Later:

**Ending Child Marriage in the U.S.** 

#### **Presenters:**

Casey Carter Swegman

Director of Public Policy

Alex Goyette

Public Policy Manager



## The Tahirih Justice Center

We offer a range of legal and social services to ensure that our clients can escape violence and rebuild their lives in safety.

#### **Immigration Law**

We represent immigrant women and girls who we believe have a legitimate claim to legal status under US immigration law as survivors of gender-based violence.

#### **Family Law**

We ensure our clients' legal needs are met in family courts, safeguarding children against abuse and helping women divorce their abusers.

#### **Civil Law**

We engage in appellate advocacy and impact litigation, and support clients recover damages from harms they have suffered, such as trafficking.

#### **Social Services**

We connect our clients to shelter, employment-related training, food pantries, and other services so they can gain greater control over their lives.

#### **Forced Marriage Protection**

We provide confidential support and assistance to individuals in the US who are facing forced marriages in this country or abroad.



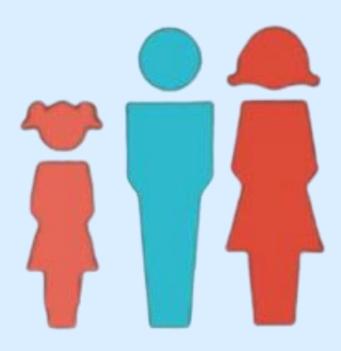


#### Forced Marriage Initiative

Created in 2011 to galvanize a national response to the problem of forced marriage in the United States

#### **Multi-faceted approach:**

- Research (legal and policy as well as field based)
- Outreach and awareness raising; trainings
- Developing best practices and practical tools
- Coalition-building and collaborative problem solving
- Drafting recommendations for legal and policy change
- Providing direct services



FMI@Tahirih.org

www.PreventForcedMarriage.org

# What is Forced Marriage?



#### Forced Marriage Is...

A marriage where one or both people do not (or cannot) consent to the marriage, and typically involves elements of force, fraud, or coercion.

## Forced Marriage Is Not...

Arranged marriage, in which families may take the lead, but the ultimate choice to marry remains with the individual.





#### Forced Marriage at the Intersection

Forced marriage is a form of gender-based violence in its own right. When a woman feels she has no real choice when it comes to marriage, she loses a great deal of power and control over her own life.

More often than not, however, forced marriage is just one part of a spectrum of other harms that a woman who is forced to marry may face in her lifetime.

#### Forced Marriage can lurk behind the issues that first present themselves:

"...advocates speak to many women who are facing domestic violence, abuse and/or sexual assault in their marriage. Only later in these conversations does it emerge that the conditions upon which they may have been married were under duress, pressure, and ultimately against their will." (Roy, 2011)

#### Other Types of Harm:

- Child Abuse
- Human trafficking
- Stalking
- Domestic and Family Violence
- Female Genital Mutilation/Cutting
- Rape and Sexual Assault

## Child Marriage





# Challenges for Minors Facing the Threat of Forced Marriage

- Lack of knowledge of rights
- Lack of evidence
- Lack of capacity/standing to initiate court action
- Law enforcement defers to rights of parents
- Cases may not be understood as falling within CPS mandate

- Limited ability to leave home
  - Often cannot legally remain outside the home
  - Shelter/alternative housing options may be limited
  - Shelters generally have mandatory reporting to CPS
- Risk of repercussions if unsuccessful



#### Understanding Child Marriage in the U.S.

- Between 2000 and 2018, over 300,000 minors were married in the U.S.
- Child marriage ≠ forced marriage in every instance, but:
  - Vast majority of cases involve girls marrying adult men
  - Spouses include adults decades older
- State laws regulate the issue, but leave concerning gaps:
  - Pregnancy exceptions with age lower than age of consent
  - Parental consent exceptions empowering perpetrators
  - Several states with no age floor



#### Risks and Harms

#### U.S. specific research shows that women who are married as girls face:

- Higher drop-out rates
- Increased medical and mental health problems
- Up to 80% divorce rates

- Greater vulnerability to violence
- Greater likelihood of future poverty
- Early marriage can
   also double-down
   on the consequences
   of teen pregnancy

Whatever a girl's starting point, child marriage stacks the odd higher against her, and risks increasing her instability and insecurity over time.

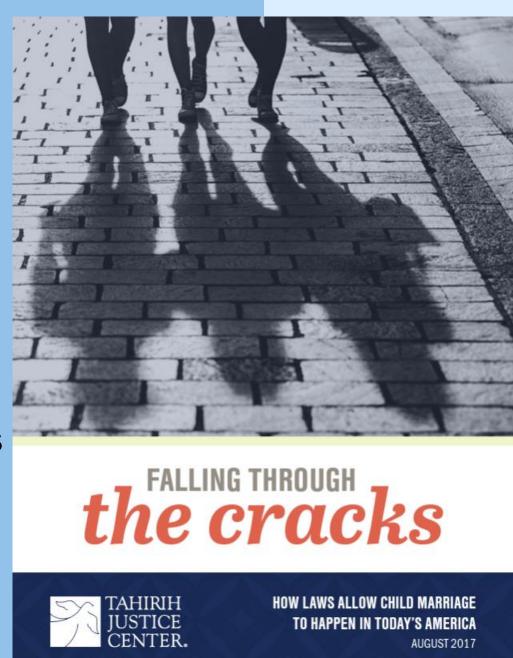
# Where did we start?



#### State Laws on Child Marriage

#### **Minimum Age Exceptions**

- "Age floor" of 18 concealed true, much lower minimum ages (if any)
- Parental consent enabled most common perpetrators
- Pregnancy exceptions turned red flags into marriage licenses
- Judicial approval & spectrum of safeguards



#### **Limited Protections**

- Clerks:
  - Firm minimum ages
  - Official proof of age
  - Residency requirements
- Judges:
  - Expertise
  - Formal hearing
  - Appointing counsel
  - Background investigations



No-Exception Age Floors:	Laws in 2015:
Age of Majority (18)	
"Legal adulthood"	
Age floor 17	
Age floor 16	
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No age floor	

Exceptions	Laws in 2015:
Pregnancy	
Parental consent alone for 16-17s	
Universal judicial approval	
Judicial rubber stamp	
Differed by gender	



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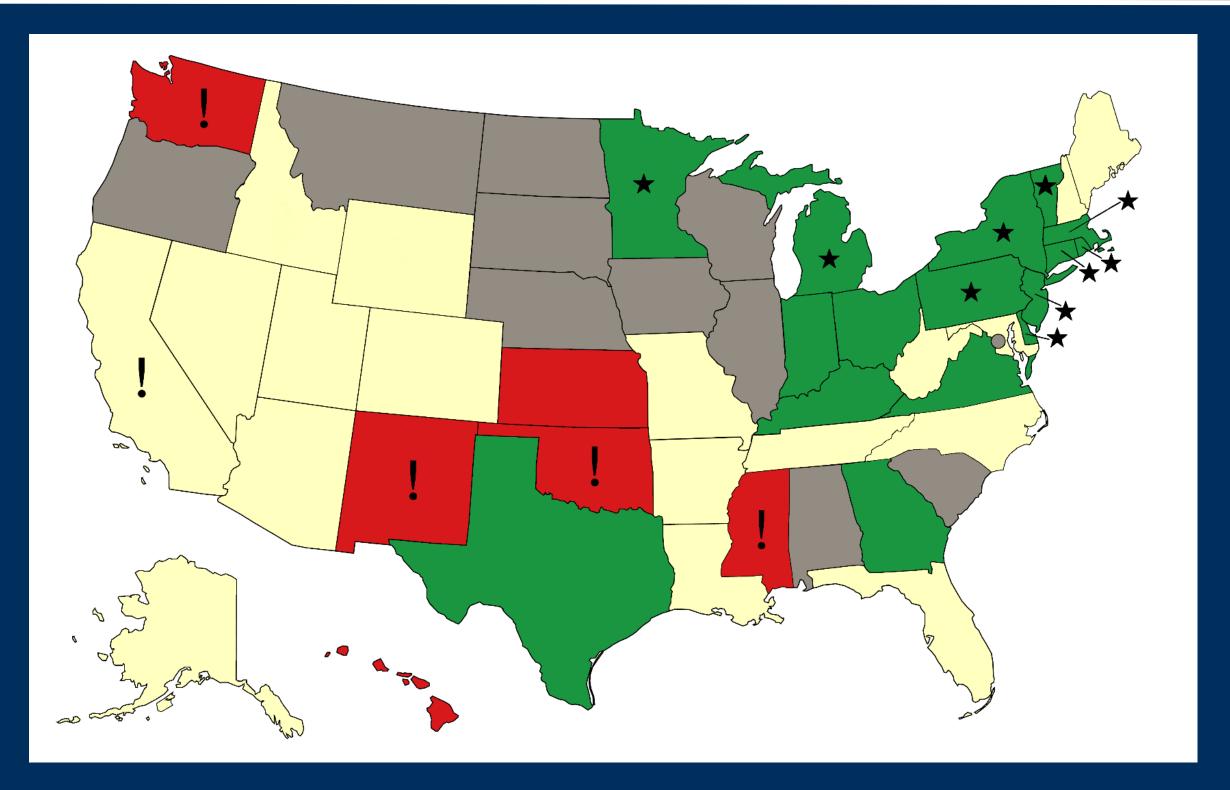
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## Where are we now?



## Child Marriage Reform Since 2016





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## Child Marriage Laws Today

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# How did we get here?



## **Ending Child Marriage: Timeline**

#### 2016

Virginia

#### 2017

Connecticut
New York
Texas

#### 2018

Arizona Missouri
\*Delaware\* \*New Jersey\*
Florida Tennessee
Kentucky

#### 2019

Arkansas Georgia
California Nevada
Colorado Ohio
Louisiana Utah
New Hampshire

#### 2020

Idaho
Indiana
Maine
\*Minnesota\*
\*Pennsylvania\*

#### **2021**

\*Rhode Island\*

\*New York\*

North Carolina

#### 2022

Maryland
\*Massachusetts\*
Alaska

#### **2023**

Wyoming
West Virginia
\*Vermont\*
Maine
\*Connecticut\*
\*Michigan\*



## **Ending Child Marriage: Timeline**

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**Virginia** 

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New York
Texas

2018

Arizona Missouri
\*Delaware\* \*New Jersey\*
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Kentucky

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California Nevada
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Louisiana Utah
New Hampshire

2020

Idaho
Indiana
Maine
\*Minnesota\*
\*Pennsylvania\*

**2021** 

\*Rhode Island\*

\*New York\*

North Carolina

2022

Maryland
\*Massachusetts\*
Alaska

**2023** 

Wyoming
West Virginia
\*Vermont\*
Maine
\*Connecticut\*
\*Michigan\*



## Key Campaigns: Virginia (2016)

#### Law in 2015

- No age floor
- Under age 16
  - Parental consent and pregnancy
- Age 16-17
  - Parental Consent
- Approved by clerk only
- 7,500 minors married 2000-2013
  - 182 in 2015

#### "Maria's" Experience

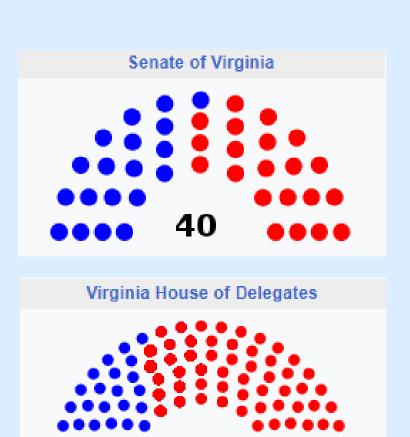
- FMI client age 16
- Brought to Virginia courthouse in sweats and flipflops – clearly disinterested
- Parents consented for her, so clerk issued license
- Officiant immediately offered to conduct wedding for \$75



## Key Campaigns: Virginia (2016)

#### **Campaign Overview**

- Survivor advocacy, availability of statewide data, and existing relationships from VA office
- Bipartisan bill sponsors
- Challenges:
  - First campaign of its kind
  - Building awareness





Gov. Terry McAuliffe (D)



## Key Campaigns: Virginia (2016)



#### 2016 Reform

- First state to limit marriage to legal adults
  - Age 18, or emancipated
- Emancipation process:
  - Eligible at age 16
  - Attorney appointed to minor
  - "Best interest" inquiry
  - Investigation of criminal record and protective order history
- Impact: 13 minors married in 2017
  - 87% decrease from 2015



## Key Campaigns: Texas (2017)

#### Law in 2016

- No age floor
- Ages 16-17: parental consent
- Under age 16: judicial approval
  - A "rubber stamp" process
  - Approved marriages as young as 12 and
     13

#### **Epicenter of Child Marriage**





## Key Campaigns: Texas (2017)

#### **Campaign Overview**

- Sponsor approached Tahirih
- Worked with Tahirih, local orgs, survivoradvocates to get to 18
- Clear it wouldn't be possible, but couldn't walk away doing nothing given the scale of the problem





Gov. Greg Abbott (R)



## Key Campaigns: Texas (2017)



#### 2017 Reform

- Limited marriage to legal adults
- Emancipation process:
  - Eligible at age 16
  - Attorney appointed to minor
  - "Best interest" inquiry
- Defined forced marriage as child abuse
- Impact:
  - 95% decline in children married
  - Hundreds prevented annually



## Key Campaigns: Delaware (2018)

#### Joining the Fight in DE

- Existing in-state movement
  - Court officers initiated a movement a decade earlier
  - 2008 reform: universal judicial review
  - Support from DV Coalition, Office of Women's Advancement
- Previous reform reduced "constituency" for child marriage

#### Law in 2017

- No age floor
- Universal judicial review
  - Some guidance
- Very few minors married post-2008
  - 4 in 2011, 1 in 2012

## First State to End Child Marriage



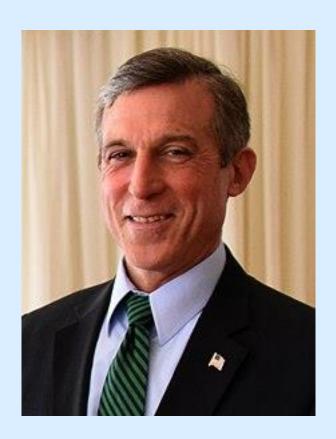
## Key Campaigns: Delaware (2018)

#### **Campaign Overview**

- Bipartisan sponsors; existing movement both in DE and around the country
- New role for Tahirih
  - Lobbying, but not leading
  - Coordination
  - Technical assistance
- Military exception & Tahirih's existing expertise

Senate		
Party	As of July 2018	
Democratic Party	11	
Republican Party	10	

House	
Party	As of July 2018
Democratic Party	25
Republican Party	16



**Gov. John Carney (D)** 



## Key Campaigns: New York (2017, 2021)

#### Law in 2016

- Age floor: 14
- Ages 16-17: parental consent
- Ages 14-15: judicial approval
- 3,853 children married 2000-2010

#### 2017 Campaign

- Bipartisan sponsors, broad in-state support
- Limited marriage to legal adults
  - Age floor of 17
  - Attorney appointed to minor
  - "Best interest" inquiry
  - In-chamber interview
  - Criminal record review

## An Incremental Approach



## Key Campaigns: New York (2017, 2021)

#### **Incremental Approach**

- Age-18 bills introduced in 2019 and 2021
- Led by survivor-advocate Naila Amin
  - "Naila's Law" ended child marriage in 2021
- First state to end child marriage with an incremental approach
  - Connecticut (2017, 2023)



# Impact and Lessons



## Impacts of the National Campaign

#### A wave of reforms:

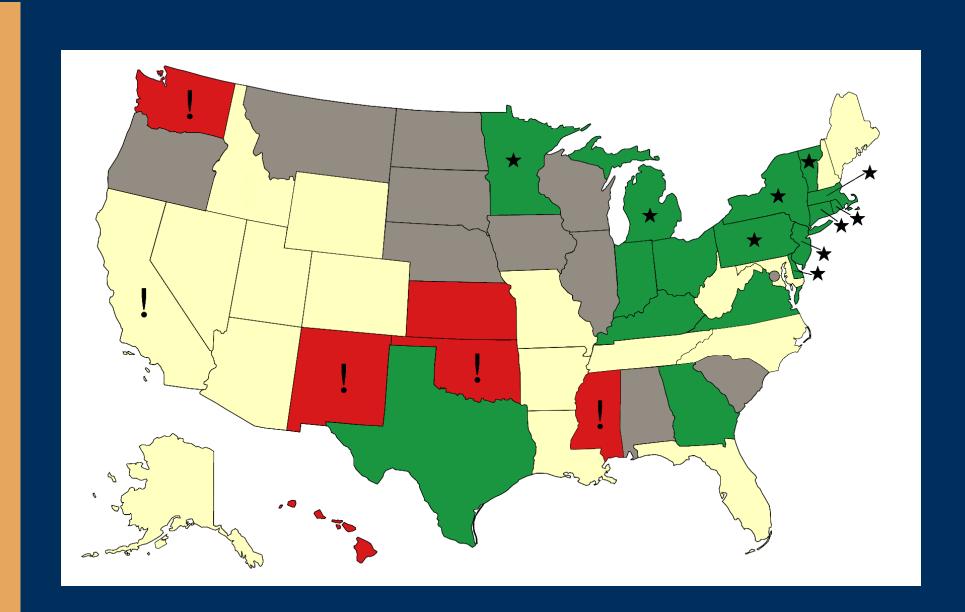
- 34 states since 2016
- 10 ended child marriage
- 24 limited child marriage

#### Awareness:

- Media coverage is common
- Legislators know the issue
- Campaigns as normative projects
  - Service providers & survivors

#### Survivor-led movement:

National network of survivor-advocates





## Lessons Learned across 34+ States

#### Foundations of a campaign:

- Statewide data
- Local coalition
- Survivor advocacy

#### Forms of advocacy:

- Lobbying & coalition building
- Education & technical assistance
- Research & media

#### States & their neighbors:

- Every state is unique
- But they're all watching their neighbors
- Impacts cross state lines



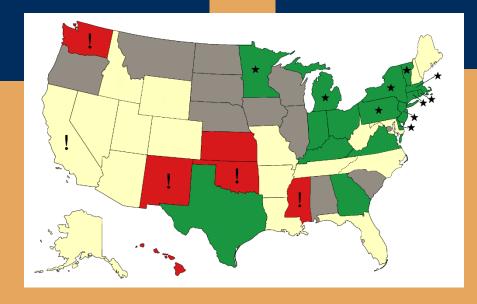
Making Progress, But Still Falling Short

The Movement to End Child Marriage in America Updated November 1, 2022



Comparing Compromises

Varying Impacts of Laws that Limit, But Do Not End, Child Marriage





## **Lessons Learned across 34+ States**

#### Compromise and Incrementalism:

- 10 states ended child marriage
- Varied impacts
  - -96% in Georgia vs. +14% in Maine
  - 1 child marriage is too many
- The more you do, the more you get:
  - Protective judicial review
  - Emancipation
  - Age difference limits
- Case-by-case evaluation
  - Texas vs. Delaware



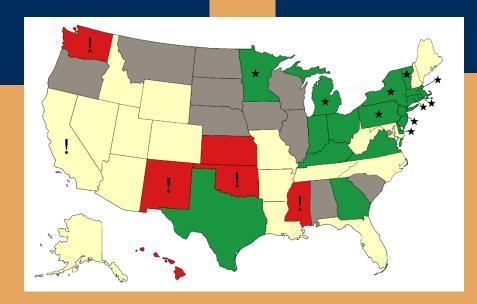
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# What's Next?



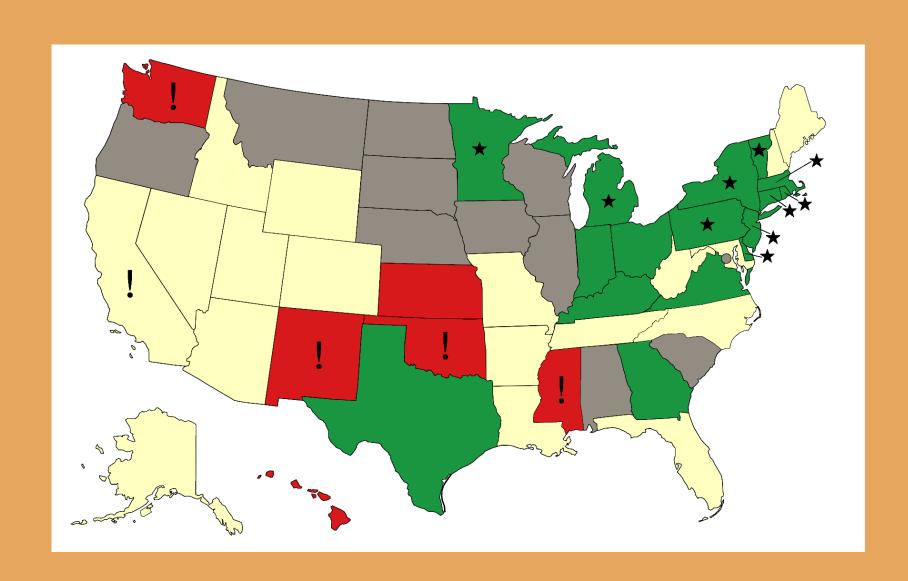
## Looking Ahead: 40 States + DC Left!

#### **Priority States:**

- DC Tahirih's last service area
- Worst offenders:
  - No age floor
  - Pregnancy exception
  - High numbers

#### Complementary Approaches:

- Forced marriage protective orders
- Federal advocacy
- Direct services: <u>FMI@tahirih.org</u>
- Training & education



# Questions?

## Thank you!



#### **Our Offices**

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